

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Withdrawn) A method for producing a porous film, comprising the steps of casting a polymer solution comprising a polymer onto a substrate to form a film; and subjecting the film to phase conversion to thereby form a porous film, wherein the polymer constituting the porous film has a surface tension S_a [mN/m], wherein the substrate has a surface tension S_b [mN/m], and wherein S_a and S_b satisfy the following condition: $S_a - S_b \geq -10$.

2. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous film according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of casting a solution mixture as the polymer solution onto the substrate to form a film, and subjecting the film to phase conversion by bringing the film to a solidifying liquid to thereby form a porous film, the solution mixture comprising 8 to 25 percent by weight of a polymer component for constituting the porous film, 10 to 50 percent by weight of a water-soluble polymer, 0 to 10 percent by weight of water and 30 to 82 percent by weight of a water-soluble polar solvent.

3. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous film according to one of claims 1 and 2, further comprising the steps of holding the cast film in an atmosphere at a relative humidity of 70% to 100% and a temperature of 15°C to 90°C for 0.2 to 15 minutes, and bringing the film to a solidifying liquid comprising a nonsolvent for the polymer component.

4. (Currently amended) A porous film having a large number of continuous micropores, wherein the film has a thickness of 5 to 200 μm , has an average surface pore size A of ~~0.01~~ 0.7

to 10 μm and an average ~~rate of surface hole area~~ surface porosity C and has an average inside pore size B and an average ~~rate of inside hole area~~ inside porosity D, wherein the ratio A/B of A to B is in the range of 0.3 to 3, and wherein the ratio C/D of C to D is in the range of 0.7 to 1.5, and wherein a polymer component forming the film comprises at least one selected from a group of amide-imide polymers, imide polymers, polyethersulfones, polysulfones, acrylic polymers or cellulose acetate.

5. (Currently amended) A porous film having a large number of continuous micropores, wherein the film has a thickness of 5 to 200 μm , has an average pore size A^1 of ~~0.01~~ 0.7 to 10 μm at one surface, an average pore size A^2 of ~~0.01~~ 0.7 to 10 μm at the other surface, an average ~~rate of hole area~~ porosity C^1 of 48% or more at one surface, and an average ~~rate of hole area~~ porosity C^2 of 48% or more at the other surface, wherein the ratio A^1/A^2 of A^1 to A^2 is in the range of 0.3 to 3, and wherein the ratio C^1/C^2 of C^1 to C^2 is in the range of 0.7 to 1.5, and wherein a polymer component forming the film comprises at least one selected from a group of amide-imide polymers, imide polymers, polyethersulfones, polysulfones, acrylic polymers or cellulose acetate.